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### SYNTHESIS OF C-24 THIAZOLIDINONE AND OXAZOLIDINONE DERIVATIVES OF BILE ACIDS

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solvent was removed under reduced pressure to yield 0.71 g (64%) of **4** (bp. 160-162°/0.5 torr., lit.<sup>5</sup> bp 140°/0.15 torr.<sup>5</sup>)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 0.9 (t, 3H), 1.25- 1.35 (m, 18H), 1.55 (q, 2H), 2.05 (m, 4H), 3.65 (t, *J* = 6.64 Hz, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OH), 5.35 (t, *J* = 4.89, 2H).

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### SYNTHESIS OF C-24 THIAZOLIDINONE AND OXAZOLIDINONE DERIVATIVES OF BILE ACIDS

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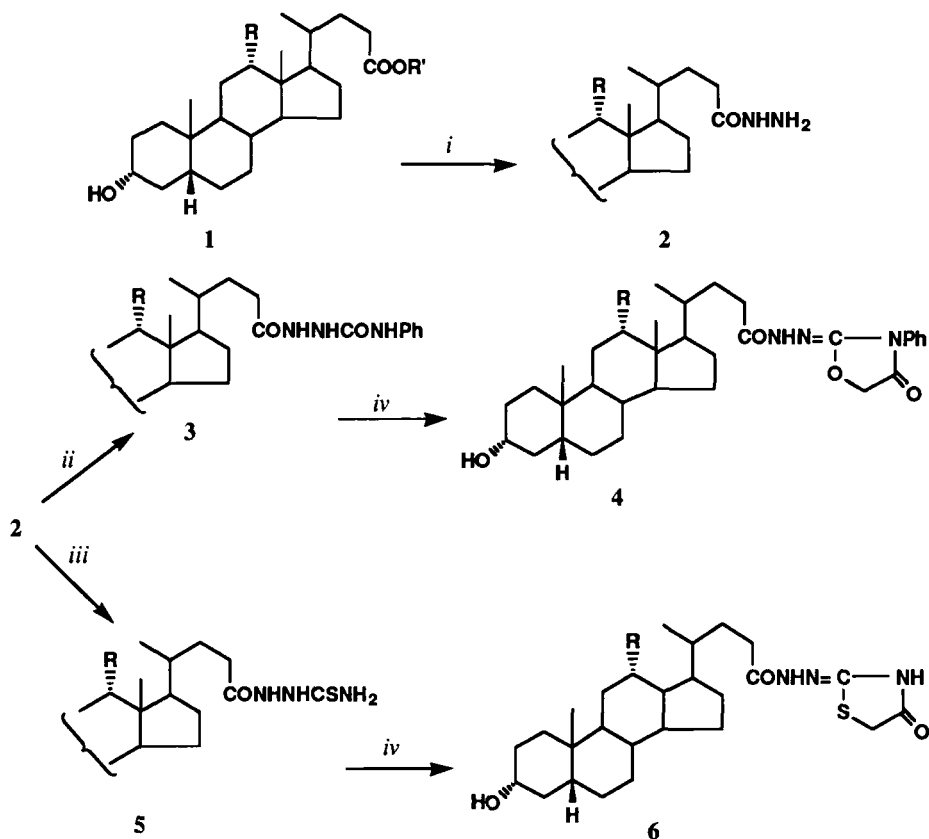
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The chemistry<sup>1</sup> and wide spectrum of pharmacological activities of thiazolidinone<sup>2</sup> and oxazolidinone<sup>3</sup> derivatives have been cited in the literature. This paper describes the synthesis of C-24 thiazolidinone and oxazolidinone derivatives of bile acids, lithocholic acid (**1a**) and deoxycholic acid (**1b**). The present work was stimulated by reports that C-24 derivatives of bile acids possess useful biological activities.<sup>4</sup>

The methyl ester of bile acids, methyl-3 $\alpha$ -hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-oate (**1c**) and methyl-3 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-oate (**1d**) on reaction with hydrazine afforded acid hydrazides **2a** and **2b**. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of **2a** and of **2b** exhibited broad singlets at δ 5.9 and δ 8.1, exchangeable with deuterium for NH<sub>2</sub> and CONH protons, and IR spectra showed absorptions at 3250, 3100 (NH<sub>2</sub>, NH) and 1660 cm<sup>-1</sup> (CONH). Reaction of **2a** and **2b** with phenyl isocyanate<sup>5</sup> afforded 24-N-

phenylsemicarbazide derivatives **3a** and **3b** whose  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra showed broad exchangeable singlet at  $\delta$  6.45 for  $\text{NHPh}$  proton and signals for aromatic protons at  $\delta$  7.3-7.7. The IR spectra of **3a** and **3b** displayed absorptions at 3250 (NH) and  $1610\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=C). Similarly, reaction of **2a** and **2b** with ammonium thiocyanate<sup>6</sup> gave respectively 24-thiosemicarbazide derivatives **5a** and **5b** whose IR spectra exhibited absorptions at 3250, 3080 ( $\text{NH}_2$ , NH) and  $1190\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=S). The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of **5a** and **5b** showed broad exchangeable singlets at  $\delta$  6.95 and  $\delta$  7.5 for  $\text{NH}_2$  and  $\text{NHCS}$  protons. Compounds **5a** and **5b** were also prepared by the reaction of **2a** and **2b** with potassium thiocyanate<sup>7</sup> in the presence of HCl.

Cyclization of **3a** and **3b** with monochloroacetic acid afforded oxazolidinone derivatives **4a** and **4b** whose IR exhibited absorptions at 1715 (oxazolidinone C=O),  $1600\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=C) and  $1470\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=N) and  $^1\text{H}$  NMR showed a singlet for oxazolidinone ring protons at  $\delta$  4.5. Similarly, cyclization of **5a** and **5b** with monochloroacetic acid<sup>8</sup> gave thiazolidinone derivatives **6a** and **6b**. The structure of **6a** and **6b** is supported by  $^1\text{H}$  NMR downfield signal for NH proton at  $\delta$  8.3, exchangeable with



a) R = H, R' = H    b) R = OH, R' = H    c) R = H, R' = Me    d) R = OH, R' = Me

i)  $\text{NH}_2\text{NH}_2$     ii) PhNCO    iii)  $\text{NH}_4\text{SCN}$  or  $\text{KSCN}$     iv)  $\text{ClCH}_2\text{COOH}$

deuterium and a singlet at  $\delta$  3.8 for thiazolidinone ring protons. IR spectrum showed absorptions at 3200 (NH), 1720 (thiazolidinone C=O) and 1450  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (C=N).

### EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

Melting points were determined in open capillaries and are uncorrected. IR spectra were obtained as KBr pellets on a Perkin-Elmer 283B spectrophotometer. The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra were recorded in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ - $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$  4:1 (v/v) on a JEOL FX-90 Q FT instrument with TMS as internal standard. The petroleum ether refers to fraction of bp. 60-80°. Chemical shifts are given in ppm ( $\delta$ ). Lithocholic acid (**1a**) and deoxycholic acid (**1b**) were purchased from Sigma Chemical Company (St. Louis, MO, USA). Methyl esters of bile acids (**1c**, **1d**) were prepared by treatment of **1a** and **1b** with diazomethane.

**3 $\alpha$ -Hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-hydrazide (2a).**- A mixture of methyl-3 $\alpha$ -hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-oate (**1c**) (4 g, 10.24 mmol), methanol (100 mL), hydrazine monohydrochloride (0.35g, 10.24 mmol) and 98% hydrazine hydrate (1.03g, 20.48 mmol) was refluxed for 4 hrs. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and then poured onto ice. The precipitate was collected and recrystallized from ethanol to give 3.40 g (85%) of **2a** as a colorless solid, mp. 210-211°. IR: 3450 (OH), 3250, 3080 ( $\text{NH}_2$ , NH), 1660 (CONH)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.10 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 5.9 (br s, 1H,  $\text{NH}_2$  exchangeable), 3.52 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_3$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 0.95 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $\text{C}_{21}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.91 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{19}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.68 ppm (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{18}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{42}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ : C, 73.74; H, 10.76; N, 7.17. Found: C, 73.72; H, 10.68; N, 7.13

**3 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ -Dihydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-hydrazide (2b).**- A mixture of methyl-3 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-oate (**1d**) (3 g, 7.37 mmol), methanol (75 mL), hydrazine monohydrochloride (0.25g, 7.37mmol) and 98% hydrazine hydrate (0.737g, 14.75 mmol) was refluxed for 5 hours. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and then poured onto ice. The precipitate was collected and recrystallized from ethanol to give 2.43 g (81%) of **2b** as colorless solid, mp. 262-64°. IR: 3470 (OH), 3260, 3070 ( $\text{NH}_2$ , NH), 1655 (CONH)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.15 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 5.94 (br s, 1H,  $\text{NH}_2$  exchangeable), 4.02 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_{12}$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 3.58 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_3$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 1.05 (d, 3H,  $J=6.5$  Hz,  $\text{C}_{21}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.94 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{19}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.72 ppm (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{18}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{42}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ : C, 70.93; H, 10.34; N, 6.89. Found: C, 70.87; H, 10.32 N, 6.85

**3 $\alpha$ -Hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-N-phenylsemicarbazide (3a).**- A mixture of **2a** (1.5 g, 3.84 mmol), benzene (50 mL) and phenyl isocyanate (0.91g, 7.68 mmol) was refluxed on a water bath for 3 hrs. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was poured onto ice-water and extracted with ether (3x75 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water and dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . After the evaporation of ether, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel (45 g; 70-230 mesh). The product was eluted with petroleum ether-ether (3:1) to give 1.52 g (78%) of **3a** as a colorless solid, mp. 234-236°. IR: 3450 (OH), 3250 (NH), 1650 (CONH), 1600 (C=C)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.26 (s, 2H, 2xCONH exchangeable), 6.42 (s, 1H, NHPh exchangeable), 3.54 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_3$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 0.94 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $\text{C}_{21}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.91 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{19}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.65 ppm (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{18}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $C_{31}H_{47}N_3O_3$ : C, 73.04; H, 9.25; N, 8.25. Found: C, 73.12; H, 9.34; N, 8.22

**3 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ -Dihydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-N-phenylsemicarbazide (3b).**- A mixture of **2b** (1.5 g, 3.69 mmol), benzene (50 mL) and phenyl isocyanate (0.88g, 7.38 mmol) was refluxed on a water bath for 3 hrs. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was poured onto ice-water and extracted with ether (3x75 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . After the removal of solvent the crude product was chromatographed on silica gel (45 g; 70-230 mesh). The product was eluted with petroleum ether-ether (6:4) to give 1.43 g (74%) of **3b** as colorless solid, mp. 238-240°. IR: 3460 (OH), 3250 (NH), 1655 (CONH), 1610 (C=C)  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.22 (s, 2H, 2xCONH exchangeable), 6.46 (s, 1H, NPh exchangeable), 4.0 (m, 1H,  $C_{12}$ - $\beta$ H), 3.57 (m, 1H,  $C_3$ - $\beta$ H), 1.04 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $C_{21}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.95 (s, 3H,  $C_{19}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.72 ppm (s, 3H,  $C_{18}$ - $H_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $C_{31}H_{47}N_3O_4$ : C, 70.85; H, 8.95; N, 8.00. Found: C, 70.92; H, 8.90; N, 8.05

**3 $\alpha$ -Hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-[4'-oxo-3'-phenyl-1',3'-oxazolidin-2'-ylidene]hydrazide (4a).**- A mixture of **3a** (1.5 g, 2.94 mmol), chloroacetic acid (0.556 g, 5.88 mmol), anhydrous sodium acetate (0.221 g, 2.94 mmol) and acetic acid (50 mL) was refluxed for 6 hrs. The excess of acetic acid was removed *in vacuo*, the residue poured into dilute  $NaHCO_3$  and extracted with ether (3x75 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . After the removal of ether, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel (40 g; 70-230 mesh). Elution with petroleum ether-ether (7:3) gave the product which was recrystallized from methanol to give 1.10 g (68%) of **4a** as a colorless solid, mp. 114-115°. IR: 3455 (OH), 1715 (oxazolidinone C=O), 1655 (CONH), 1610 (C=C), 1490 (C=N)  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.14 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 7.3-7.7 (m, 5H, aromatic), 4.55 (s, 2H, oxazolidinone  $CH_2$ ), 3.55 (m, 1H,  $C_3$ - $\beta$ H), 0.96 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $C_{21}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.92 (s, 3H,  $C_{19}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.68 ppm (s, 3H,  $C_{18}$ - $H_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $C_{33}H_{47}N_3O_4$ : C, 72.13; H, 8.56; N, 7.65. Found: C, 72.10; H, 8.50; N, 7.58

**3 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ -Dihydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-[4'-oxo-3'-phenyl-1',3'-oxazolidin-2'-ylidene]hydrazide (4b).**- A mixture of **3b** (1 g, 1.90 mmol), chloroacetic acid (0.36 g, 3.8 mmol), anhydrous sodium acetate (0.156 g, 1.90 mmol) and acetic acid (30 mL) was refluxed for 6 hrs. The excess of acetic acid was removed *in vacuo*, the residue poured into dilute  $NaHCO_3$  and extracted with ether (3x50 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . After the removal of solvent the crude product was chromatographed on silica gel (30 g; 70-230 mesh). Elution with petroleum ether-ether (1:1) gave 1.05 g (62%) of **4b** as a colorless solid, mp. 118-120°. IR: 3460 (OH), 1710 (oxazolidinone C=O), 1650 (CONH), 1600 (C=C), 1480 (C=N)  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR:  $\delta$  8.18 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 7.3-7.7 (m, 5H, aromatic), 4.52 (s, 2H, oxazolidinone  $CH_2$ ), 4.0 (m, 1H,  $C_{12}$ - $\beta$ H), 3.52 (m, 1H,  $C_3$ - $\beta$ H), 1.06 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $C_{21}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.93 (s, 3H,  $C_{19}$ - $H_3$ ), 0.72 ppm (s, 3H,  $C_{18}$ - $H_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $C_{33}H_{47}N_3O_5$ : C, 70.08; H, 8.31; N, 7.43. Found: C, 70.00; H, 8.35; N, 7.40

**3 $\alpha$ -Hydroxy-5 $\beta$ -cholan-24-thiosemicarbazide (5a).**- A mixture of **2a** (1.5 g, 3.84 mmol), benzene (50 mL) and ammonium thiocyanate (0.585g, 7.68 mmol) was refluxed on a water bath for 3 hrs. The excess of benzene was removed under reduced pressure. After cooling to 5°C, the precipitated solid

was collected, washed with cold water and recrystallized from methanol to give 1.31 g (76%) of **5a** as a colorless solid, mp. 101-102°. IR: 3450 (OH), 3250, 3080 (NH<sub>2</sub>, NH), 1660 (CONH), 1190 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=S); <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 8.12 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 7.46 (br s, 1H, NHCS exchangeable), 6.95 (br s, 1H, NH<sub>2</sub> exchangeable), 3.50 (m, 1H, C<sub>3</sub>-βH), 0.96 (d, 3H, J=6.3 Hz, C<sub>21</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.91 (s, 3H, C<sub>19</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.68 ppm (s, 3H, C<sub>18</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>).

*Anal.* Calcd. for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 66.81; H, 9.58; N, 9.35. Found: C, 66.78; H, 9.54; N, 9.32

b) A mixture of **2a** (1 g, 2.56 mmol), ethanol (30 mL), potassium thiocyanate (0.5g, 5.12 mmol) and HCl (1 mL; 6N) was refluxed for 4 hrs. The hot mixture was filtered, concentrated *in vacuo* and then poured onto ice. The precipitate was collected, washed with cold water and recrystallized from methanol to give 0.86 g (75%) of **5a** as a colorless solid, mp. 100-102°.

**3α,12α-Dihydroxy-5β-cholan-24-thiosemicarbazide (5b).**- A mixture of **2b** (1 g, 2.45 mmol), benzene (30 mL) and ammonium thiocyanate (0.375g, 4.90 mmol) was refluxed on a water bath for 4 hrs. The excess of benzene was removed under reduced pressure. After cooling to 5°C, the precipitated solid was collected, washed with cold water and recrystallized from ethyl acetate-methanol to give 0.855 g (75%) of **5b** as colorless solid, mp. 122-124°. IR: 3470 (OH), 3260, 3070 (NH<sub>2</sub>, NH), 1655 (CONH), 1180 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=S); <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 8.18 (br s, 1H, CONH exchangeable), 7.5 (br s, 1H, NHCS exchangeable), 6.92 (br s, 1H, NH<sub>2</sub> exchangeable), 4.02 (m, 1H, C<sub>12</sub>-βH), 3.58 (m, 1H, C<sub>3</sub>-βH), 1.05 (d, 3H, J=6.3 Hz, C<sub>21</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.95 (s, 3H, C<sub>19</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.73 ppm (s, 3H, C<sub>18</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>).

*Anal.* Calcd. for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S: C, 64.51; H, 9.24; N, 9.03. Found: C, 64.43; H, 9.18; N, 9.00

b) A mixture of **2b** (1 g, 2.45 mmol), ethanol (30 mL), potassium thiocyanate (0.48g, 4.9 mmol) and HCl (1 mL; 6N) was refluxed for 4 hrs. The hot mixture was filtered, concentrated *in vacuo* and then poured onto ice. The resulting precipitate was collected, washed with cold water and recrystallized from ethyl acetate-methanol to give 0.83 g (73%) of **5b** as a colorless solid, mp. 122-124°.

**3α-Hydroxy-5β-cholan-24-[4'-oxo-1',3'-thiazolidin-2'-ylidene]-hydrazide (6a).**- A mixture of **5a** (1.5 g, 3.34 mmol), chloroacetic acid (0.631 g, 6.68 mmol), anhydrous sodium acetate (0.27 g, 3.34 mmol) and acetic acid (50 mL) was refluxed for 6 hrs. The excess of acetic acid was removed under reduced pressure, the residue poured onto ice. The precipitate was collected, washed with 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (100 mL), water and recrystallized from ethanol to give 0.79 g (61%) of **6a** as a colorless solid, mp. 94-96°. IR: 3450 (OH), 3210 (NH), 1720 (thiazolidinone C=O), 1660 (CONH), 1470 (C=N) cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 8.32 (br s, 2H, NH and CONH exchangeable), 3.82 (s, 2H, thiazolidinone CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.35 (m, 1H, C<sub>3</sub>-βH), 0.96 (d, 3H, J=6.3 Hz, C<sub>21</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.92 (s, 3H, C<sub>19</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>), 0.65 ppm (s, 3H, C<sub>18</sub>-H<sub>3</sub>).

*Anal.* Calcd. for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S: C, 66.25; H, 8.79; N, 8.58. Found: C, 66.29; H, 8.80; N, 8.52

**3α,12α-Dihydroxy-5β-cholan-24-[4'-oxo-1',3'-thiazolidin-2'-ylidene]-hydrazide (6b).**- A mixture of **5b** (1 g, 2.22 mmol), chloroacetic acid (0.42 g, 4.44 mmol), anhydrous sodium acetate (0.185 g, 2.22 mmol) and acetic acid (30 mL) was refluxed for 8hrs. The excess of acetic acid was removed *in vacuo*, the residue poured onto ice. The precipitate was collected, washed with 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (75 mL), water and recrystallized from ethanol to give 0.67 g (60%) of **6b** as a colorless solid, mp. 112-113°.

IR: 3460 (OH), 3220 (NH), 1720 (thiazolidinone C=O), 1665 (CONH), 1480 (C=N)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H NMR}$ :  $\delta$  8.28 (br s, 2H, NH and CONH exchangeable), 3.98 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_{12}$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 3.85 (s, 2H, thiazolidinone  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.55 (m, 1H,  $\text{C}_3$ - $\beta\text{H}$ ), 1.05 (d, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz,  $\text{C}_{21}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.94 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{19}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ), 0.74 ppm (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_{18}$ - $\text{H}_3$ ).

*Anal.* Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{43}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4\text{S}$ : C, 64.15; H, 8.51; N, 8.31. Found: C, 64.10; H, 8.48; N, 8.36

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